# Littoral Antisubmarine Warfare Future Naval Capability (LASW FNC)

Overview Brief

### Littoral ASW



Goal: Provide effective capability to detect, track, classify and neutralize subsurface systems including submarines, UUVs, ASW mining, surveillance systems and systems to foul waters/deny access, in support of power projection ashore

#### Requirements

**CAPT J. Ferguson, CNO (N74), (N702C)** 

Execution
Dr. D. Johnson,
ONR 32ASW



Fleet/Forces

RDML K. Donald, CPF N6/N8 CAPT J. Carr, CLF N8

#### **Acquisition**

RADM J. Butler, NAVSEA 93

#### Resources

Mr. J. Barkley, CNO (N911E1)

# ASW Technology Program



- ASW is a Key Navy Core Competency
- Dramatically Restructured S & T
  - Result of Work Begun in 1997 (ASW Assessment)
    - Series of Analyses and Assessments
    - Warfighter Perspective (Fleet Participation)
- An Integrated Plan
- Core effort to CNO N7's USW Mission Capability Package (MCP) process
  - Factoring in results of CNO N7's Summer ASW Technology Review Panels

# LASW FNC Enabling Capabilities (Page 1 of 2)

- EC 1 Tactical Sensing: Effectively detect, classify, localize, and track USW targets to support engagement outside the threat weapons release range. EC1 is comprised of three components:
  - la Active Sensing: Increase gain to XX dB against clutter/false contact
  - 1b Passive Sensing: Increase passive gain by YY dB
  - 1c Non-acoustic Sensing: Achieve non-acoustic search rate of ZZ nmi2 equivalent per hour
- EC 2 Characterize the Battlespace: Significantly improve ASW performance through accurate and timely understanding of the battlespace
  - Leverage "Through the Sensor" in-situ measurements
  - Improve common model in-situ measurements and environmental databases enabling tactically useful planning and performance assessments

# LASW FNC Enabling Capabilities

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- EC 3 Wide Area Surveillance: Rapidly and/or covertly deploy and sustain surveillance system for wide area search, detection, and cueing. Primary goal to develop affordable technologies that provide sustainable ability against the high-end diesel threat
  - Decrease total Life Cycle Cost to xx% of current Advanced Deployable System (ADS)
  - Deploy by surface ship, aircraft, or submarine
  - Deploy to 90% of AORs in yy days
  - Deploy in zz nmi2 field or xx nmi barrier in one day
  - Provide Pd > .yy and FAR < . zz within 12 hours</li>
  - Provide system design life options from xx days to yy years
- EC 4 Neutralization: Effectively engage/neutralize bottomed, surfaced, or low-doppler targets beyond threat weapon release range
  - Increase Pk to > .xx for heavyweight torpedoes
  - Increase Pk to > .xx for lightweight torpedoes
  - Decrease Pck

### Littoral ASW FNC Products

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#### EC-1 Tactical Sensing

#### **Product Line: Active Sonar**

#### Multistatic ASW

Develops two low frequency active sources, multistatic signal processing algorithms, performance prediction models, and upgrades an existing volumetric receiver. Provides an effective multistatic detection/classification/localization capability using offboard sensors designed to be deployed from a variety of platforms.

#### Light Weight Search System (LWSS)

Develops a lightweight impulsive sound source and associated signal processing for use by helicopters and other platforms.

#### Environmentally Adaptive SQQ-89 (EA SQQ-89)

Develops a mode of operation for the SQQ-89 sonar that allows it to sense changes to the acoustic environment and automatically self-optimize through active sonar adaptive processing and adaptive sonar control. Provides for improved performance of the AN/SQQ-89 active sonar in littoral areas, where significant and rapid change to the acoustic environment limits sonar performance.

#### Lightweight Broadband Variable Depth Sonar (LBVDS)

Develops a capability to transmit broadband signals below the acoustic layer, improving active sonar performance in challenging acoustic environments such as the littoral regions where high levels of reverberation and mixed multi-path propagation effects dominate. The demonstration system will utilize the Multi-Function Towed Array (MFTA) as its receiver.

#### Littoral Warfare Advanced Development (LWAD)

Robustly tests and demonstrates LASW FNC technologies using fleet assets and testing in forward areas underpinning meaningful analysis of warfighting payoff. Collection of in-water data fundamentally supports technical developments.

#### • HF Broadband Transducers & Arrays for Submarines

Develops an improved performance broadband transmitting and receiving array with the capability of performing collision avoidance and ASW functions. This effort is targeted for implementation as a high-frequency flank array on the sail of SSN 688I submarines.

### Littoral ASW FNC Products

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#### EC-1 Tactical Sensing (Continued)

#### **Product Line: Passive Sonar**

#### Sonar Automation

Develops new algorithms enhancing sonar automation by providing the capability to reliably extract and associate acoustic signature components from threat targets, improve clutter rejection, improve initial detection and holding times, and increase initial detection range.

#### Robust Passive Sonar

Determines fundamental limits of passive sonar in the littorals. Develops a test bed facility composed of a set of fixed sonar sensor arrays and signal processing equipment for evaluating new algorithms and future array concepts that exploit the space-time properties of acoustic propagation in a high shipping and ambient noise level shallow water environment.

#### Counter-Torpedo Detection, Classification and Localization

Develops signal processing algorithms and acoustic sensor improvements providing robust cueing for softand hard-kill countermeasure systems, including the WSQ-11() Tripwire/Anti-Torpedo Torpedo.

#### **Product Line: Non-Acoustics**

#### Claymore Marine

Develops an optical airborne ASW algorithm/sensor that enhances airborne search rates, increases probability of detection, and improves clutter rejection providing an improved capability to detect threat submarines operating in the littorals.

#### Affordable Radar Periscope Detection and Discrimination (ARPDD)

Develops a hardware/software implementation of recently developed and successfully demonstrated detection and discrimination algorithms that will dramatically reduce system development, acquisition and maintenance costs. This is an affordability initiative that will exploit advances in computational power anticipated in the out-years.

### Littoral ASW FNC Products

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#### EC-2 Characterize the Battlespace

#### Common Tactical Picture (CTP)

Improves ASW tactical detection performance through cross-platform sensor-level fusion.

#### Advanced Estimation of Sensor Performance (Common Environmental Picture (CEP) and CT/EP Uncertainty)

Improves organic sensor performance estimates and improves organic and cross-platform target tracking by sharing of sensor performance estimates. Applies estimates of sensor performance uncertainty to improve tactical decision aids.

#### EC-3 Wide Area Surveillance

#### Deployable Shallow Water Autonomous System

Develops a rapidly deployable autonomous distributed underwater sensor field composed of acoustic and electromagnetic sensors networked without physical links that can transmit information ashore without cables.

#### EC-4 Neutralization

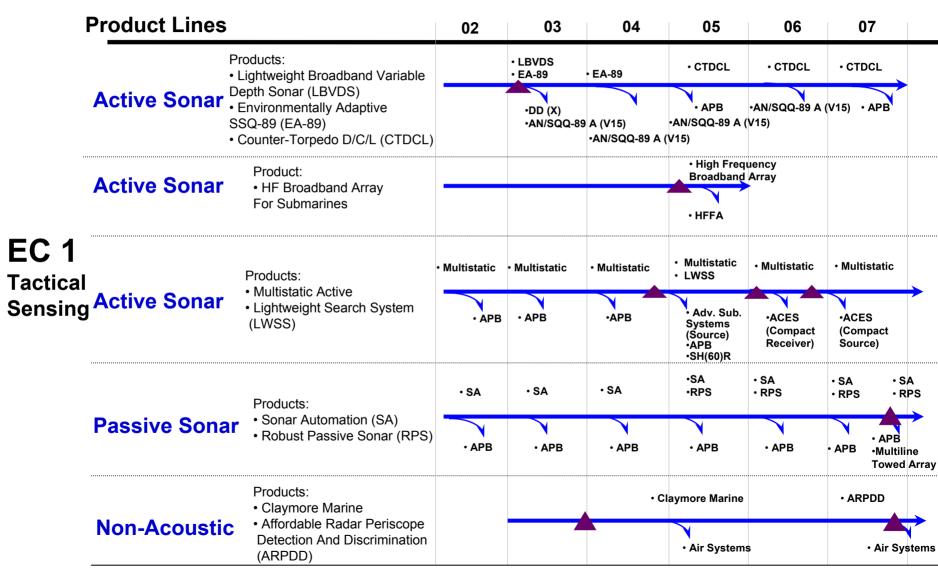
#### Weapon/Platform Connectivity

Develops broadband active signal processing, torpedo intelligent controller algorithms, and submarine tactical picture content for dramatically improved torpedo Probability of Kill (Pk).

#### Non-Traditional Homing

Develops an alternative torpedo sensor that enables target homing with reduced counter-detectability.

### LASW FNC Timelines and Transition Points



### LASW FNC Timelines and Transition Points

	02	03	04	05	06	07	
Products:  • Common Tactical Picture (CTP) Content • Advanced Estimation of Sensor Performance (Advanced ESP)			ntent for mon Tactical ire	Commo	ESP - Content for on nmental Picture	• Adv. ESP Content for Uncertainty Prediction	or ty
			•MAASW (ASTO)		· APB (T) ·TAMDA	, .	
EC 3 Wide Area Surveillance					Deployable     Autonomous		
					·IUSS		
Product: • Deployable Shallow Water Autonomous System							
Products:  • Weapons Platform Connectivity (WPC), Phases 1-4 • Non-Traditional Homing	• WPC (Phase 1)	• WPC (Phase 2)		• WPC (Phase 3)	• NT Homing	· WPC · N (Phase 4) Ho	NT loming
	• MK 48 CBASS	• MK 48 CBASS		• MK 48 CBASS • APB	• CBASS Tech. Improvement	CBASS Te	CBASS ech. prvmt

### Littoral ASW FNC Transition Status

<u>Product</u>	Acquisition Program	Acquisition Manager	TTA/MOA/Ltr	Transition Status
Lightweight Broadband Variable Depth Sonar (LBVDS) FY 03	IUSW-21 for the DD-21	PMS-500	Being re- negotiated in light of DD-21 cancellation	
Environmentally Adaptive AN/SQQ-89 FY 03 and FY 04	AN/SQQ-89(V)15 and AN/SQQ-89A(V)15 P.E. 0205620N	PMS-411	MOA Signed 15 June 01	
Multistatic Active – Signal Processing FY 02, FY 03 and FY 04	Submarine Combat Systems Improvements (APB/A-RCI) P.E. 0603561N	SEA-93 ASTO	Signed Transition Commitment 5 February 02	
Sonar Automation FY 02, FY 03, and FY04	Submarine Combat Systems Improvements (APB/A-RCI) P.E. 0603561N	SEA-93 ASTO	Signed Transition Commitment 5 February 02	
Common Tactical Picture FY 04	Multistatic Active ASW (MAASW) P.E. 0603553N	SEA-93 ASTO	Signed Transition Commitment 5 February 02	
Weapons Platform Connectivity – FY 02 and FY 03	MK48 Common Broadband Advanced Sonar System (CBASS) P.E. 0205632N	PMS-404	Signed Transition Commitment 7 February 02	

## Elements of Tactical Acoustic Sensor Performance Estimation

